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## Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 01.02.2023 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 01.02.2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: FEYCOPUR Härter 11 schnell
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

- · Application of the substance / the mixture Hardening agent/ Curing agent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

**FEYCOLOR GmbH** Maxhüttenstraße 6 93055 Regensburg Germany

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• 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +49 (0) 700 24 11 21 12 (FCM)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



Acute Tox. 4 H332

Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Sens. 1 H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3 H335-H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms





GHS02 GHS07

· Signal word Warning

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#### · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

n-Butyl acetate

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

#### · Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335-H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### · Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

#### · Additional information:

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Restricted to professional users.

#### · 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### · 3.2 Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 28182-81-2 NLP: 500-060-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485796-17	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335, EUH204	50-100%
CAS: 123-86-4 EINECS: 204-658-1 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485493-29	n-Butyl acetate  Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	<15%
CAS: 54839-24-6 EINECS: 259-370-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119475116-39	2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	10-25%
CAS: 77-58-7 EINECS: 201-039-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119496068-27	dibutyltin dilaurate       Muta. 2, H341; Repr. 1B, H360FD; STOT SE 1, H370; STOT RE 1, H372;      Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318;      Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410;      Skin Sens. 1, H317	≥0.1-<0.25%
CAS: 4083-64-1 EINECS: 223-810-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119980050-47	Specific concentration limits: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $C \ge 5$ % STOT SE 3; H335: $C \ge 5$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $C \ge 5$ %	≥0.1-<1%
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CAS: 822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<0.1%
EINECS: 212-485-8	♦ Acute Tox. 2, H330; ♦ Resp. Sens. 1, H334; ♦ Acute Tox. 4,	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119457571-37	H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Śkin Sens. 1, H317;	
_	STOT SE 3, H335, EUH204	
	Specific concentration limits: Resp. Sens. 1; H334: C ≥ 0.5 %	
	Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.5 %	

<sup>·</sup> Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- · After skin contact: Immediately rinse with water.
- · After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon monoxide (CÓ)

Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

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Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth) and place in a suitable container.

Decontaminate immediately with suitable mixture (flammable):

- as such usable (inflammatory!):

water 45 Vol.% ethanol or isopropanol 50 Vol.% ammonia solution (Density= 0.88) 5 Vol.%

- alternatively (non-flammable):

sodium carbonate 5 Vol.% water 95 Vol.%

Add the same decontaminant to any residues and allow to stand for several days in an non-sealed container until no further reaction occurs. Once this stage is reached, close the container and dispose of in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13).

#### · 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory diseases should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision.

#### · Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store together with reducing agents, heavy-metal compounds, acids and alkalis.

Store away from foodstuffs.

#### Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store separately from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials, amines, alcohol and water.

- · Storage class: 3
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 28182-81-2 Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

EBW Short-term value: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

exposition evaluation valu TRGS 430 (EBW)

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123-	86-4 n-Butyl acetate	
WEL	Short-term value: 966 mg/m³, 200 ppm Long-term value: 724 mg/m³, 150 ppm	
77-5	8-7 dibutyltin dilaurate	
WEL	Short-term value: 0.2 mg/m³ Long-term value: 0.1 mg/m³ as Sn; Sk	
4083	3-64-1 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	
WEL	Short-term value: 0.07 mg/m³ Long-term value: 0.02 mg/m³ Sen; as -NCO	
822-	06-0 hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
WEL	Short-term value: 0.07 mg/m³ Long-term value: 0.02 mg/m³ Sen; as -NCO	
· Ingr	edients with biological limit values:	
822-	06-0 hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
BMG	I μmol creatinine/mol Medium: urine Sampling time: At the end of the period od exposure Parameter: isocyanate-derived diamine	

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH Regulations.

· General protective and hygienic measures:

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

· Respiratory protection:



In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

### · Hand protection

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation



Protective gloves (EN 374)

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

#### Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

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· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Physical state Fluid

· Colour: According to product specification

Odour: CharacteristicOdour threshold: Not determined.

· Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range 124-128 °C (123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate)

· Flammability Flammable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

• **Lower:** 1.2 Vol % (123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate) • **Upper:** 7.5 Vol % (123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate)

• Flash point: 27 °C (DIN EN ISO 1523:2002, 123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate)

• **Ignition temperature:** 370 °C (DIN 51794, 123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate)

• Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

• pH Not determined.
• Viscosity:

• Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C >20 s (DIN 53211/4)
• Dynamic: Not determined.

Solubility

• water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

• Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined.

• Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 10.7 hPa (123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate)

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C: 1.087 g/cm³ (DIN EN ISO 2811-1)

Relative densityVapour densityNot determined.Not determined.

· 9.2 Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Fluid

· Important information on protection of health and

environment, and on safety.

· **Auto-ignition temperature:** Product is not selfigniting.

• Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive

air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Solvent content:

· VOC (EC) 24.87 % · Solids content (weight-%): 75.1 %

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· Change in condition · Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
· Information with regard to physical hazard classes		
· Explosives	Void	
· Flammable gases	Void	
· Aerosols	Void	
Oxidising gases	Void	
· Gases under pressure	Void	
Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Flammable solids	Void	
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void	
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void	
Pyrophoric solids	Void	
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void	
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable		
gases in contact with water	Void	
· Oxidising liquids	Void	
· Oxidising solids	Void	
· Organic peroxides	Void	
· Corrosive to metals	Void	
Desensitised explosives	Void	

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Possible in traces.

Nitrogen oxides

Hydrogen chloride (HCI)

Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid)

Carbon monoxide

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Packagings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN number or ID number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1263

· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· **ADR** UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

· IMDG, IATA PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· Class 3 (F1) Flammable liquids.

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· Label	3
· IMDG, IATA	
· Class	3 Flammable liquids.
· Label	3
· 14.4 Packing group	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	III
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	30
· EMS Number:	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
· Stowage Category	A
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	
instruments	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Transport category	3
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
· IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, III

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · National regulations:
- · Additional classification according to Decree on Hazardous Materials, Annex II:

Class	Share in %
ı	<1
NK	10-25

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

- GE





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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Relevant phrases

Flammable liquid and vapour. H226

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

Causes serious eye damage. H318

Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

EUH014 Reacts violently with water.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids - Category 3

Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1C

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Resp. Sens. 1: Respiratory sensitisation - Category 1

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2 Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B

STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 1 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.